

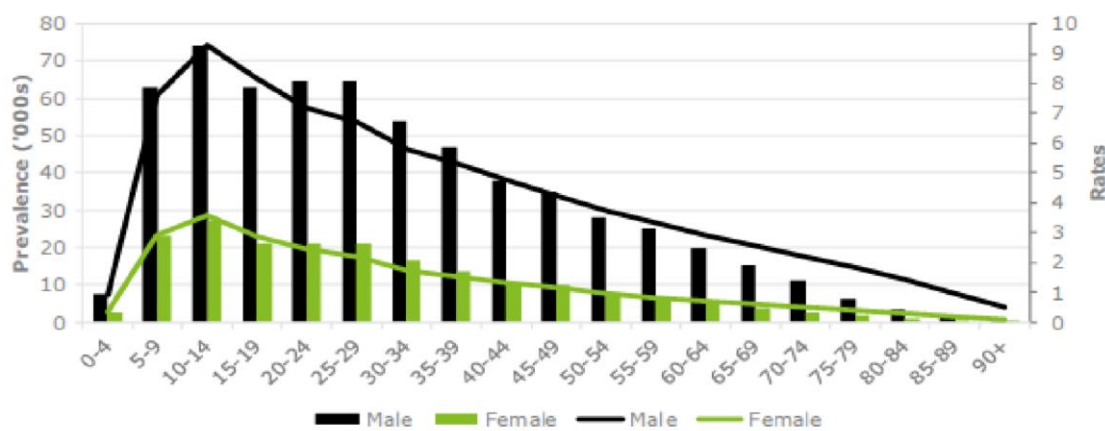


PREVALENCE AND IMPACT OF ADHD

The huge social and economic cost of ADHD has been highlighted by a recent Deloitte study.

Key findings: ADHD affects approximately 281,200 children and adolescents (aged 0-19) and 533,300 adults (aged 20+) in Australia. The total cost of ADHD in Australia during 2019 is \$20.42 billion, which includes financial costs of \$12.83 billion and wellbeing losses of \$7.59 billion. Productivity losses due to ADHD are substantial (\$10.19 billion).

Chart i Estimated prevalence of ADHD, by age and gender, 2019



Source: Deloitte Access Economics analysis based on GBD (2017) and Ebejer et al (2012).

Total costs of ADHD in 2019, Per person: Health system \$1000, Productivity costs \$12509, Other financial costs \$2238, Education \$130, Crime and justice \$377, Deadweight loss \$1730, Total economic costs \$15747, Loss of wellbeing \$9324.

ADHD has lifelong impacts, including on educational achievement, occupational attainment, and the increased likelihood of crime and interaction with the criminal justice system. These impacts place significant pressure on Australian society and its institutions.

The estimated cost each individual with ADHD to them and the community is over \$25000 per year, the \$1000 now spent by the medical system is clearly inadequate.

All those having ADHD deserve to be identified and offered effective help.

<https://aadpa.com.au/the-social-and-economic-costs-of-adhd-in-australia/>

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